

El Presente Perfecto

- The present perfect tense is used to say: **what has happened**

« Ej: **I have walked 3 miles today.**

- The present perfect is a verb construction. To use it, you must first conjugate

> **haber** then add the **past participle**

- The forms of **haber** (to have) are: **he**, **has**, **ha**, **hemos**, **habéis**, **han**
- To form the **past participle** you:
 - *-er/-ir verbs: **stem ends in vowel → ido**
 - leer → **leído**

Have you watched the game yet?

① **Cut off ending of verb (-ar, -er, -ir)**

Stem +

- ar verbs:

ado

hablar - habl- hablado

- er/-ir verbs:

ido

comer - com- comido

« Ej:

I have washed the dishes 3 times.

- There are 15 irregular past participles:

open → -Abrir: **abierto** print → Imprimir: **impreso** Volver: **vuelto**
 absolve → Absolver: **absuelto** die → Morir: **muerto**
 cover → -Cubrir: **cubierto** put → Poner: **puesto**
 tell → -Decir: **dicho** set → Resolver: **resuelto**
 write → Escribir: **escrito** break → Romper: **roto**
 fry → Freír: **frito** satisfy → Satisfacer: **satisfecho**
 to do → Hacer: **hecho** to watch, see → Ver: **visto**

Ella ha comido mucho chocolate hoy.
She has eaten a lot of chocolate today.
Nosotros no hemos ganado competencias este año.
We have not won any competitions this year.

She has broken her wrist twice this year.
Ella se ha roto la muñeca dos veces este año.
Have you done your homework?

¿Has hecho tu tarea?